IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TYLER DIVISION

ORENTHIAL JAMES CREAR §

v. § CIVIL ACTION NO. 6:16cv458

JANET GATES, DISTRICT CLERK, CHEROKEE COUNTY, TEXAS

MEMORANDUM ADOPTING REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE AND ENTERING FINAL JUDGMENT

The Relator Orenthial James Crear, proceeding *pro se*, filed this application for the writ of mandamus against Janet Gates, the district clerk of Cherokee County, Texas. This Court ordered that the case be referred to the United States Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §636(b)(1) and (3) and the Amended Order for the Adoption of Local Rules for the Assignment of Duties to United States Magistrate Judges.

Crear asked that this Court issue a writ of mandamus ordering the Cherokee County district clerk to transmit his state habeas corpus application, any answer filed, and a certificate reciting the date upon which the finding was made to the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals. He contends that the failure to transmit his state habeas petition is a violation of Article 11.07, sec. 3(a) of the Texas Court of Criminal Procedure.

After review of the pleadings, the Magistrate Judge issued a Report recommending that the application for mandamus relief be denied for want of jurisdiction. The Magistrate Judge determined that federal district courts lack jurisdiction to issue the writ of mandamus against state or county actors or agencies. Moye v. Clerk, DeKalb County Superior Court, 474 F.2d 1275, 1276 (5th Cir. 1973). The District Clerk of Cherokee County, Texas is not an officer or employee of the

United States or any agency thereof, and therefore is not subject to the mandamus jurisdiction of the

federal district court. Hicks v. Brysch, 989 F.Supp. 797, 811 (W.D.Tex. 1997).

A copy of the Magistrate Judge's Report was sent to the Plaintiff at his last known address,

return receipt requested, but no objections have been received; accordingly, he is barred from de

novo review by the District Judge of those findings, conclusions, and recommendations and, except

upon grounds of plain error, from appellate review of the unobjected-to factual findings and legal

conclusions accepted and adopted by the district court. Douglass v. United Services Automobile

Association, 79 F.3d 1415, 1430 (5th Cir. 1996) (en banc).

The Court has reviewed the pleadings in this cause and the Report of the Magistrate Judge.

Upon such review, the Court has determined that the Report of the Magistrate Judge is correct. See

United States v. Wilson, 864 F.2d 1219, 1221 (5th Cir.), cert. denied, 492 U.S. 918, 109 S.Ct. 3243

(1989) (where no objections to a Magistrate Judge's Report are filed, the standard of review is

"clearly erroneous, abuse of discretion and contrary to law"). It is accordingly

ORDERED that the Report of the Magistrate Judge (docket no. 8) is **ADOPTED** as the

opinion of the District Court. It is further

ORDERED that the above-styled application for the writ of mandamus is **DISMISSED**

WITH PREJUDICE for want of jurisdiction, but without prejudice to the Relator's right to seek

such relief as may be available in the courts of the State of Texas. It is further

ORDERED that any and all motions which may be pending in this action are hereby

DENIED.

So Ordered and Signed

Apr 18, 2017

Ron Clark, United States District Judge

Rm Clark

2